

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program

Revised 7/1/2023

Campus Location: Aviation Institute of Maintenance

7421 East Independence Blvd., Charlotte, NC 28227

980-785-0700

The Drug Free Schools and Campus Regulations (EDGAR Part 86.100, Subpart B) require that, as a condition of receiving funds or any other form of financial assistance under any federal program, an institution of higher education must certify that it has adopted and implemented a program designed to prevent the unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by students and employees, both on the institution's premise and as part of its activities. This Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention Program (DAAPP) policy was developed to inform the Institute, students, and employees of the seriousness of the use and abuse of illicit drugs and alcohol and to set forth the standards of conduct regarding such activity.

Aviation Institute of Maintenance supports the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations and is committed to providing a safe, healthy educational and work environment for all students and employees.

(1) Distribution of Annual Notification

The EDGAR Part 86 requires that schools annually distribute alcohol and drug policy notification in writing to students and employees. On or before October 1 of each year, an email is sent to all employees and students which contains a direct link to a PDF version of this policy. All new students who enroll after the distribution date will receive a copy of this policy during mandatory orientation prior to starting classes. New employees hired after the annual distribution date will receive a copy as part of the new employee materials. Additionally, a copy of the PDF is posted to the school's consumer information website for continuous reference.

Through the annual distribution of this policy, the school certifies that they have implemented a drug and alcohol prevention program in accordance with the Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act (DFSCA), as articulated in the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) Part 86, known as the Drug-Free Schools and Campuses Regulations pertaining to Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention.

A. Standards of Conduct

The unlawful possession, use, or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol on Institute property or at any school sponsored activity by all students, staff, and faculty is strictly prohibited, even by individuals who are otherwise of legal age to do so. This includes the campus buildings, campus grounds, and parking areas, or while participating in off-site school/work-related activities such as but not limited to field trips, graduation ceremonies, school-sanctioned community service activities, or professional meetings attended by employees on behalf of the school.

These standards of conduct apply to all students who are registered at the Institution for at least one course as well as all full time and part time staff and faculty.

The Institution reserves the right to take whatever measures it deems necessary in response to an allegation of alcohol or other drug use in order to protect employees and students and the personal safety of the entire Institute's community. A student or employee who violates the drug and alcohol policy, including underaged drinking, is subject to both the campus policies and to criminal sanctions provided by federal, state, and local law. All instances of illegal drug use or underage drinking will be referred to the local authorities. Additionally, the school will impose disciplinary sanctions as defined in the Student Code of Conduct or the Employee Handbook for failure to abide by the standards of conduct.

B. Legal Sanctions

A student or employee who violates the drug and alcohol policy is subject to both the Institute's policies and to criminal sanctions provided by federal, state, and local law. The following are a summary of the applicable legal sanctions.

FEDERAL PENALTIES FOR TRAFFICKING AND POSSESSION OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

DRUG/SCHEDULE	QUANTITY	PENALTIES	QUANTITY	PENALTIES
Cocaine (Schedule II)	500–4999 grams	First Offense: Not less	5 kgs or more	First Offense: Not less than
	mixture	than 5 yrs, and not	mixture	10 yrs, and not more than
Cocaine Base	28–279 grams	more than 40 yrs. If	280 grams or more	life. If death or serious
(Schedule II)	mixture	death or serious injury,	mixture	injury, not less than 20 or
Fentanyl (Schedule II)	40–399 grams	not less than 20 or	400 grams or more	more than life. Fine of not
	mixture	more than life. Fine of	mixture	more than \$10 million if an
Fentanyl Analogue	10–99 grams	not more than \$5	100 grams or more	individual, \$50 million if not
(Schedule I)	mixture	million if an individual,	mixture	an individual.
Heroin (Schedule I)	100–999 grams	\$25 million if not an	1 kg or more mixture	Second Offense: Not less
	mixture	individual.		than 15 yrs, and not more
LSD (Schedule I)	1–9 grams	Second Offense: Not	10 grams or more	than life. If death or
	mixture	less than 10 yrs, and	mixture	serious injury, life
Methamphetamine	5–49 grams	not more than life. If	50 grams or more	imprisonment. Fine of not
(Schedule II)	pure or 50–499	death or serious injury,	pure or 500 grams or	more than \$20 million if
	grams mixture	life imprisonment. Fine	more mixture	an individual, \$75 million if
		of not more than \$8		not an individual.
PCP (Schedule II)	10–99 grams	million if an individual,	100 gm or more pure	2 or More Prior Offenses:
	pure or 100–999	\$50 million if not an	or 1 kg or more	Not less than 25 years.
	grams mixture	individual.	mixture	Fine of not more than \$20
				million if an individual,
				\$75 million if not an
				individual.

		PENALTIES
Other Schedule I & II drugs (and any drug product containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid)	Any amount 1 gram	First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 yrs, or more than life. Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if not an individual.
(Schedule IV)	- 8	
Other Schedule III drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 10 years. If death or serious injury, not more that 15 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2.5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not more than 30 yrs. Fine not more than \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual.
All other Schedule IV drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000 if an individual, \$1 million if not an individual.
Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV)	Other than 1 gram or more	Second Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than an individual.
All Schedule V drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than \$100,000 if an individual, \$250,000 if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than \$200,000 if an individual, \$500,000 if not an individual.

FEDERAL TRAFFICKING PENALTIES—MARIJUANA

DRUG	QUANTITY	1st OFFENSE	2nd OFFENSE *
DRUG Marijuana (Schedule I)	QUANTITY 1,000 kg or more marijuana mixture; or 1,000 or more marijuana plants 100 kg to 999 kg marijuana mixture; or 100 to 999 marijuana plants	Ist OFFENSE Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs., or more than life. Fine not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if other than an individual. Not less than 5 yrs. or more than 40 yrs. If death or serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine not more than	2nd OFFENSE * Not less than 15 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if other than an individual. Not less than 10 yrs. or more than life. If death or serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine not more than \$20 million if
	More than 10 kgs hashish;	\$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if other than an individual. Not more than 20 yrs. If death or	an individual, \$75million if other than an individual. Not more than 30 yrs. If death or
	50 to 99 kg marijuana mixture More than 1 kg of hashish oil; 50 to 99 marijuana plants	serious bodily injury, not less than 20 yrs. or more than life. Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if other than an individual.	serious bodily injury, life imprisonment. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if other than an individual.
	Less than 50 kilograms marijuana (but does not include 50 or more marijuana plants regard-less of weight) 1 to 49 marijuana plants;	Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000, \$1 million if other than an individual.	Not more than 10 yrs. Fine \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than individual.
Hashish (Schedule I)	10 kg or less	Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000, \$1 million if other than an individual	Not more than 10 yrs. Fine \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than individual
	1 kg or less	Not more than 5 yrs. Fine not more than \$250,000, \$1 million if other than an individual.	Not more than 10 yrs. Fine \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than individual

* The minimum sentence for a violation after two or more prior convictions for a felony drug offense have become final is not less than 25 years imprisonment and a fine up to \$20 million if an individual and \$75 million if other than an individual.

Federal Law, Alcohol

Alcohol is not considered a controlled substance under the USE Code and is not subject to the same federal regulations as other drugs. The Federal Uniform Drinking Age Act of 1984 sets the minimum legal drinking age to 21. Individual states control the regulations and penalties relating to the possession and distribution of alcohol.

North Carolina State Law, Controlled Substance

The Institute complies with all federal, state, and local laws. A summary of the relevant sections of the Code of North Carolina are provided in this policy. Full details of the Code of North Carolina, Chapter 90 North Carolina Controlled Substances Act can be found at Chapter 90 - Article 5 (ncleg.gov)

The North Carolina Controlled Substance Act places controlled substances into categories called Schedules. In North Carolina, the consequences for violating the controlled substance laws vary in severity depending on several factors:

- Whether an offense relates to manufacturing, possession, or sale/delivery.
- The amount of drug involved, and
- The type of drug.

Schedule	Description	Penalties for manufacture, sell, or deliver, or possess with intent to manufacture,	Penalties for Possession
		sell, or deliver	
1	High potential for abuse and	Class H felon	Class I felony-
	no accepted medical use.		Maximum Penalty:
	Includes opiates, fentanyl	(i) Class G felony (sale of	Five (5) years in prison and/or fine
	derivatives, opium	a controlled substance)	
	derivatives, hallucinogenic		
	substances, systemic	(1a) Class C felony	
	depressants, stimulants,	(manufacture of	
	NBOMe compounds,	methamphetamine)	
	synthetic cannabinoids,		
	substituted		
	phenethylamines, and N-		
	Benzyl phenethylamines		
II	High potential for abuse and		Class I felony-
	severe dependence but have		Maximum Penalty:
	a currently accepted medical		Five (5) years in prison and/or fine
	use. Includes raw opium,		
	opium extracts, codeine,		
	cocaine, fentanyl, and		
	methamphetamine		
Ш	Have less potential for abuse	Class I felon	Class 1 misdemeanor
	than Schedule II drugs, a		Maximum Penalty:
	potential for moderate or	Class H felon (sale of	Possession of less than 100 tablets, capsules, other
	low dependency and an	controlled substance)	dosage units or equivalent quantity: Two (2) years in
	accepted medical use.		prison and/or fine
	Anabolic steroids and		
	buprenorphine fall into this		

	category		
IV	Low potential for abuse than Schedule III drugs, a limited potential for dependency, and are accepted in medical treatment. Schedule IV drugs include depressants, benzodiazepines, stimulants, and narcotic drugs	Class I felon Class H felon (sale of controlled substance)	Class 1 misdemeanor Maximum Penalty: Two (2) years in prison and/or fine
V	Low potential for abuse relative to Schedule IV drugs, accepted medical use, limited physical or psychological dependency. Schedule V drugs may be sold at retail without a prescription. Includes stimulants and anticonvulsants	Class I felon Class H felon (sale of controlled substance)	Class 2 misdemeanor Maximum Penalty: Six (6) months in prison and/or fine
VII	Have accepted medical use, low potential for abuse, and low potential to produce dependence. Schedule VI drugs include marijuana	Class I felon Class H felon (sale of a controlled substance)	Class 3 misdemeanor- less than ½ ounce of marijuana or 1/20 hashish Maximum Penalty: 30 days in prison, \$100 fine Class 1 misdemeanor- quantity exceeds 1/2 ounce of marijuana or 1/20 ounce of hashish Maximum Penalty: 2 years in prison, fine Class I felony- quantity exceeds 1 ½ ounce of marijuana or 3/20 of an ounce of hashish or any quantity of synthetic tetrahydrocannabinols or tetrahydrocannabinols isolated from hashish Maximum Penalty: 5 years in prison and/or fine

Offense	Penalty	Incarceration	Max. Fine
Trafficking in Marijuana § G.S-90-95(h)(1)	1		
In excess of 10 pounds, but less than 50 pounds	Class H felon	Minimum term of 25 months and maximum term of 39 months	Not less than \$5000
50 pounds or more, but less than 2000 pounds	Class G felon	Minimum of 35 months and maximum of 51 months	Not less than \$25,000
2000 pounds or more, but less than 10,000 pounds	Class F felon	Minimum of 70 months and maximum of 93 months	Not less than \$50,000
10,000 pounds or more	Class D felon	Minimum of 175 months and maximum of 222 months	Not less than \$200,000
Trafficking in Synthetic cannabinoid -dosage	units consist of 3	grams of synthetic cannabinoid§ G.S-90	-95(h)(1a)
In excess of 50 dosage units but less than 250 dosage units	Class H felon	Minimum of 25 months maximum of 39 months	Not less than \$5000
250 dosage units but less than 1250 dosage units	Class G felon	Minimum of 35 months maximum of 51 months	Not less than \$25,000
1250 but less than 3750	Class F felon	Minimum of 70 months and maximum of 93 months	Not less than \$50,000
3750 dosage units or more	Class D felon	175 months maximum of 222 months	Not less than \$200,000
Trafficking in Methaqualone- dosage unit co	nsists of 1,000 tab	lets, capsules or other dosage units § G	.S-90-95(h)(2)
1000 tablets or more dosage units but less than 5000	Class G felon	Minimum of 35 months maximum of 51 months	Not less than \$25,000

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North Carolina State Law, Alcohol

The term alcoholic beverage is defined in the Code of North Carolina § 18B-101 as a beverage containing at least one-half of one percent (0.5%) alcohol by volume, including malt beverages, unfortified wine, fortified wine, spiritous liquor, mixed beverages, and any alcohol consumable. In North Carolina, it is illegal to drive a motor vehicle while noticeably impaired or with an alcohol concentration of 0.08 percent or higher. While driving a commercial motor vehicle, the limit is 0.04. When you are arrested for a DWI in North Carolina, there is a two-part process that includes both a criminal case and a separate driver's license suspension.

North Carolina alcohol laws § 18B-302 make no exceptions for consuming alcohol under age 21. It is illegal for anyone under 21 to purchase, possess, or attempt to purchase or possess any alcoholic beverage. Anyone who purchases for, or otherwise gives, provides, or assists in the provision of alcoholic beverages to another person knowing that the person is less than 21 years of age is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor. If convicted, the court may order a fine of up to \$500, and a requirement of 25

hours of community service. Purchase, Possession or Consumption by a person who is 19- or 20-year-old is a Class 3 misdemeanor.

Using a fake ID to establish a false identity or false age to purchase alcoholic beverages is a Class 3 misdemeanor. Upon receipt of a conviction report, there could have a potential loss of driver's license. Penalties include possible jail time, fines, and other conditions such as a mandatory 1-year suspension of your driver's license, or substance abuse assessment treatment or education classes. The higher your BAC, the more severe the penalties will be. Multiple convictions will also result in harsher sentences. Additional information can be found here:

https://www.ncleg.gov/Laws/GeneralStatuteSections/Chapter18B

C. Health Risks

The use of drugs, including alcohol and tobacco, can produce serious short and long term health risks. Substance use can lead to dependency and addiction, health problems, mental illness, social issues, and violence. Beyond the harmful consequences for the individual, drug and alcohol use can cause serious emotional, mental, and physical health problems for others.

Alcohol consumption causes a number of marked changes in behavior. Even low doses significantly impair the judgement and coordination required to drive a car safely, increasing the likelihood that the driver will be involved in an accident. Low-to-moderate doses of alcohol also increase the incidence of a variety of aggressive acts including domestic and child abuse. Moderate-to-high doses of alcohol cause marked impairments in higher mental functions, severely altering a person's ability to learn and remember information. Very high doses cause respiratory depression and death. If combined with other depressants of the central nervous system, much lower doses of alcohol produce the effects just described.

Repeated use of alcohol can lead to dependence. Sudden cessation of alcohol intake is likely to produce withdrawal symptoms, including severe anxiety, tremors, hallucinations, and convulsions. Alcohol withdrawal can be life-threatening. Long-term consumption of large quantities of alcohol, particularly when combined with poor nutrition, can also lead to permanent damage to vital organs such as the brain and the liver.

Mothers who drink alcohol during pregnancy may give birth to infants with fetal alcohol syndrome. These infants have irreversible physical abnormalities and intellectual disabilities. In addition, research indicates that children of alcoholic parents are at greater risk of becoming alcoholics than are other youngsters.

A summary of the health risks associated with the substances covered by the Controlled Substances Act (21 USC 811) are summarized in the Appendix. For additional health risks specifically related to your situation, contact your health care provider.

Reference: U.S. Department of Justice Drug Enforcement Administration. Drugs of Abuse: A DEA Resource Guide.

D. Drug and Alcohol Programs

Students and employees who use controlled substances or who abuse alcohol are encouraged to seek assistance through the campus Student Services office or the office of the Campus Executive Director. A binder of community resources can also be found in the Learning Resource Center at the campus. Employees are also encouraged to seek confidential assistance from the Human Resources department at the corporate office by calling 757-456-5065. The staff will assist you or provide an appropriate referral. Although the school does not have in-house counseling or treatment services, many options are available in the surrounding areas for employees and students in need of substance-abuse counseling, treatment, or rehabilitation and reentry programs.

You can find treatment facilities in your area by searching at www.findtreatment.gov. In addition, the school maintains the following list of national and local services and hotlines related to substance abuse. For more information relating to your area and needs, contact the Campus Executive Director or the Student Services Coordinator for a confidential discussion.

National Hotlines

Organization	Phone/Web	Services
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)	1-800-662-HELP	information on alcohol and drug abuse, local treatment options, support through hotline counselors about to speak with about alcohol, drug or family problems
Alcoholic Anonymous	www.aa.org	Recovery assistance from alcoholism
Al-Anon and Alateen	www.al-anon.org	Guide for family whose lives have been affect by someone else's drinking
Narcotics Anonymous	www.na.org	Recovery assistance from addiction
National Alcoholism and	1-800-784-6776	National database of the alcohol rehab treatment and drug
Substance Abuse Information		rehab treatment centers for every level of treatment option
Center		
HelpGuide	www.helpguide.org	Guides to mental health and wellness, including addition and recovery information
National Suicide Prevention	1-800-273-TALK	24/7 support for people in distress
Lifeline	Call or text: 988	
National Sexual Assault Hotline	800-565-4673	24/7 assistance for survivors of sexual violence and harassment
National Domestic Violence Hotline	800-799-7233	24/7 assistance for survivors of domestic violence
Veteran Crisis	Dial 988, press 1	27/4 crisis support for Veterans and their loved ones

Local Drug and Alcohol Related Services

Facility	Services	Address	Phone
Charlotte Detox Center	Addiction treatment	8509 Crown Crescent Ct, Charlotte NC 28227	866-550-3472
New Beginnings Treatment Center	Addiction treatment, DWI services	6555 old Monroe Rd, Indian Trail NC 28079	704-821-4291
Community Choice	Addiction treatment	5800 Executive center Drive, Charlotte NC 28212	704 336-4844
Atrium Health Addiction Services	Outpatient, chemical dependency care	7825 Ballantyne Commons Pkwy, Charlotte NC 28277	704-446-0391
Harmony Recovery Group	Addiction and mental health treatment, detox	8520 Cliff Cameron Dr, Charlotte NC 28269	252-397-3625
Midwood Addiction Treatment	Alcohol and drug abuse rehab, mental health therapy	1111 The Plaza, Charlotte NC 28025	704-625-2828

Anuvia Prevention &	Detox, outpatient and	100 Billingsley Rd, Charlotte	704-376-7474
Recovery Center	residential services, DWI	NC 28211	
	services, prevention		

E. Disciplinary Sanctions

<u>Student Sanctions</u>. In accordance with the Student Code of Conduct, use, possession, or distribution of illegal narcotic, alcoholic, or other controlled substances, except as expressly permitted by law, to include public intoxication, is a Level I violation and is deemed to be among the most serious types of violations. As a condition of enrollment, students must abide by the terms of this policy and the Student Code of Conduct. If any violation of the standards of conduct are violated, sanctions will be imposed which would include the following.

- Reporting the violation to law enforcement officials.
- Remove a student from Institution activities, to include classroom lecture, practical labs, and externships, when impairment is noted or feared.
- Taking appropriate disciplinary action against such student, up to and including probation, expulsion, termination of enrollment

<u>Employee Sanctions</u>. Our Institute's reputation depends entirely on the ethical and legal behavior of its employees. The Institute is committed to a standard of ethics, integrity and compliance with applicable laws in all aspects of conducting business. As such, employees are expected to observe standards of ethical conduct as described in the Employee Handbook and in this policy. If any violation of the standards of conduct are violated, sanctions will be imposed which would include the following.

- Reporting the violation to law enforcement officials.
- Remove the employee from the workplace or any Institution activities when impairment is noted or feared.
- Submission to a drug, alcohol, or illegal substance test.
- Taking appropriate disciplinary action against such employee in accordance with the Employee Handbook, which could include verbal or written warning, performance improvement plan, demotion, suspension, or separation of employment.
- Require participation in a substance abuse rehabilitation program approved for such purposes by a federal, state, local health, law enforcement or other appropriate agencies as a condition of continued employment.

(2) Biennial Review

The school will complete a review of the Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention (DAAPP) policies and procedures. The biennial review will occur no later than February of each odd numbered year (2023, 2025, 2027, etc) and cover the previous two calendar years. For example, the review conducted in February 2023 will cover the calendar years 2021 and 2022.

The school will form a task force to accomplish the biennial review, to include at a minimum the following individuals. The task force will include the Campus Executive Director or Assistant Campus Director, the Student Services Coordinator, the Director of Education, and other campus representatives as needed. The objective of the review is to determine the effectiveness of, and to implement any needed changes to the DAAPP and to ensure the campus is enforcing the disciplinary sanctions and

policies consistently. In accomplishing the objectives, the following steps will be considered during the review.

- 1. Determine the number of drug and alcohol-related violations and fatalities that occurred on campus or as part of any institution's activities and are reported to campus officials during the last 2 years. Document the particulars of the offense(s), any mitigating circumstances, and the school sanctions imposed. Cover student and employee violations. Remove all personally identifying information from the documentation.
- 2. Review the offenses and subsequent institutional sanction. Compare data obtained year over year. Have the sanctions been enforced consistently?
- 3. Are there any recommendations for improvement in consistency of the disciplinary policies?
- 4. Review the educational programming held at the campus during the previous 2 years relation to the policy. Has the DAAPP policy been effective in preventing the possession, use, or distribution of drugs or alcohol, as defined in this statement?
- 5. If not, what action plans are in place to improve the process.

The Biennial Review Report, at a minimum, should include answers to the above questions. The report will also include a written statement certifying that the school has adopted and implemented the drug prevention program described in§ 86.100. The report and the certification statement will be kept on campus and a copy emailed to the Director of Academic Affairs at the corporate office no later than February 28 of each odd numbered year. A copy of the Biennial Review Report will be posted on the school's consumer information web site.

3) Record Keeping

The school will keep a copy of the annual Drug and Alcohol Prevention Plan policies, reports and backup documentation from the biennial review, and any other records reasonably related to the school's compliance with the drug and alcohol abuse prevention program for a minimum of 5 years.

Appendix: Health Risks Associated with Use of Illicit Drugs and Abuse of Alcohol

Drug	Schedule	Trade Names	Medical use	Dependency	Usual method of abuse	Possible effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal
Narcotics								
Fentanyl	II	Apache, China Girl, Dance Fever, Friend, Goodfellas, Great Bear, He- Man, King Ivory, Murder 8, Tango & Cash.	Analgesic, anesthetic	High	Injected, snorted, smoked, oral,	Drowsiness, inability to concentrate, apathy. Slowed physical activity, constriction of the pupils, flushing of the face and neck, constipation,	Overdoses of narcotics are not uncommon and can be fatal. Constricted (pinpoint)	Restlessness, irritability, loss of appetite, nausea,
Heroin	I	Big H, Black Tar, Chiva, Hell Dust, Horse, Negra, Smack, and Thunder	None	High	injected, smoked, snorted	nausea, vomiting, and slowed breathing	pupils, cold clammy skin, confusion, convulsions, extreme	tremors, drug craving, severe depression,
Hydromorphone	II	D, Dillies, Dust, Footballs, Juice, Smack	Pain reliever	High	Oral, ingestion		drowsiness, and slowed	vomiting,
Methadone	II	Amidone, Chocolate Chip Cookies, Fizzies with MDMA, and Wafer	Analgesic	High	Swallowed, injected		breathing	increased heart rate and blood
Morphine	II	Dreamer, Emsel, First Line, God's Drug, Hows, MS, Mister Blue, Morf, Morpho, Unkie	Pain reliever	High	Oral, injected			pressure, and chills alternating with
Opium	II	Aunti, BigO, Black ill, Chinese Molasses, Dopium, Dreams, FiDoNie, G, God's medicine, Guma, Joy, Midnight Oil, O, OP, Pox.	None	High	Smoked, injected, oral			flushing and excessive sweating
Oxycodone	II	Hillbilly Heroin, Kicker, OC, Ox, Roxy, Perc, and Oxy, OxyContin	Analgesic	High	Oral, injected			
Stimulants								
Amphetamines	II	Bennies, Black Beauties, Crank, Ice, Speed, and Uppers	Treat ADHD	High	Oral, injected	Sense of exhilaration, enhanced self- esteem, improve mental and	In overdose, unless there is medical	Abrupt cessation is
Cocaine	II	Blow, Coca, Coke, Crack, Flake, Snow	Rare	High	Snorted, injected, smoked	physical performance, increase activity, reduce appetite, extend wakefulness for prolonged period,	intervention, high fever, convulsions, and cardiovascular collapse	commonly followed by depression,
Khat	I, IV	Abyssinian Tea, African Salad, Catha, Chat, Kat, and Oat	None	High	Chewed, smoked	Chronic, high-dose use is frequently associated with agitation, hostility,	may precede death. Because accidental	anxiety, drug craving, and
Methamphetamine	II	Batu, Bikers Coffee, Black Beauties, Chalk, Chicken Feed, Crank, Crystal, Glass, Go-Fast, Hiropon, Ice, Meth, Methlies Quick, Poor Man's Cocaine, Shabu, Shards, Speed, Stove Top, Tina, Trash, Tweak, Uppers, Ventana, Vidrio, Yaba, and Yellow Bam	Obesity, ADHD	Moderate	Swallowed, snored, injected, smoked	panic, aggression, and suicidal or homicidal tendencies, tolerance	death is partially due to the effects of stimulants on the body's cardiovascular and temperature- regulating systems, physical exertion increases the hazards of stimulant use	extreme fatigue
Depressant								
Barbiturates	I, III, IV	Barbs, Block Busters, Christmas Trees, Goof Balls, Pinks, Red Devils, Reds & Blues, and Yellow Jackets	Sedatives, hypnotics, anesthetics, anticonvulsants	High	Swallowed, injected	Sleepiness, amnesia, impaired mental function, confusion. Slurred speech, loss of motor coordination, weakness, headache, dizziness	Extreme drowsiness, confusion, impaired coordination, decreased reflexes,	Withdrawal can be life threatening

Drug	Schedule	Trade Names	Medical use	Dependency	Usual method of abuse	Possible effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal
Benzodiazepine	IV	Benzos and Downers, valium, zanaz, Ativan, klonopin, flurazepam,	Anesthesia, insomnia, anticonvulsant	Low	Oral, snorted	vomiting, low blood pressure. Prolonged use produces physical and psychological dependence and	respiratory depression, coma, and possible death. Overdose effects of concomitant use of benzodiazepines and opioids include: Profound sedation, respiratory depression, coma, and death	
GHB	_ =	Sodium oxybate, xyrem	None	High	Ingested	tolerance		
Rohypnol	IV	Date rape drug, Forget Pill, La Rocha, Lunch Money Drug, Mexican Valium, Pingus, R2, Reynolds, Roach, Roapies, Roofies, Row-Shay, Wolfies	None		Oral			
Hallucinogens								
Ecstasy/MDMA	1	Adam, Beans, Clarity, Disco Biscuit, E, Ecstasy, Eve, Go, Hug Drug, Lover's Speed, MDMA, Peace, STP, X, and XTC	None	High	Oral	Sensory effects, perceptual distortions, flashbacks, elevated heart rate, increased blood pressure,	Psychological harm, fear, depression, anxiety, and paranoia.	
Ketamine	III	Cat Tranquilizer, Cat Valium, Jet K, Kit Kat, Purple, Special K, Special La Coke, Super Acid, Super K, and Vitamin K	anesthetic	Moderate	Snorted, smoked, oral, injected	dilated pupils, nausea and vomiting.	Deaths generally occur due to suicide, accidents, dangerous	
LSD	1	Acid, Dots, Mellow Yellow, Window Pane	None	High	Oral		behavior, inadvertently eating poisonous plant	
Peyote & Mescaline	1	Buttons, Cactus, Mesc, and Peyoto	None	High	Oral, smoked		material. Respiratory	
Psilocybin	I	Magic Mushrooms, Mushrooms, and Shrooms	None	High	Oral		depression, coma, convulsions, seizures, and death due to respiratory arrest	
Steroids			•		•		<u> </u>	
Anabolic Steroids	III	Arnolds, Juice, Pumpers, Roids, Stackers	Hormone deficiencies, delayed puberty		Oral, injected, applied to skin	Mood swings, hostility, impaired judgement, aggression, growth stunt in adolescents, changes in sexual development, high cholesterol levels, acne and fluid retention, liver damage	Anabolic steroids are not associated with overdoses.	Depression
Marijuana/ Canna	abis							
Marijuana	I	Aunt Mary, Bud, Blunts, Chronic, Dope, Gangster, Ganja, Grass, Hash, Herb, Joint, Kif, Mary Jane, Mota, Pot, Reefer, Sinsemilla, Skunk, Smoke, Weed, Yerba	None	Moderate	Smoked, oral	Learning impairments, dizziness, nausea, tachycardia, flushing, tremors, merriment, relaxation, sedation, blood shot eyes, coughing, increased appetite, increased blood	None	Restlessness, irritability, sleep difficulties
Marijuana concentrates	I	710, wax, honey oil, budder, butane honey oil, shatter, dabs, black glass, errl.	None	Moderate	Smoked, oral	pressure, burnt lung tissue		
Vaping		E-cigs, e-hookahs, mods, vape pens, vapes, and Juuls or Juuling	None	Moderate	Inhaling			
Inhalants								
Inhalants		Gluey, Huff, Rush, and Whippets	None		inhaled	Brain damage, cognitive abnormalities, slow body function,	Loss of consciousness, death by asphyxiation	

Schedule	Trade Names	Medical use	Dependency	Usual method of abuse	Possible effects	Effects of Overdose	Withdrawal
					loss of consciousness, drowsy		
	Bliss, Blue Silk, Cloud Nine, Drone, Energy-1, Ivory Wave, Lunar Wave, Meow Meow, Ocean Burst, Pure Ivory, Purple Wave, Red Dove, Snow Leopard, Stardust, Vanilla Sky, White Dove, White Knight, White Lightning	None		Snorting, oral, smoking, injected	Euphoria and alertness, confusion, psychosis, hallucination agitation, aggression, self destructive behavior, rapid heartbeat, hypertension, sweating, headaches, palpitations	Nausea, anxiety, seizures, stroke, coma, organ injury, death	
	Spice, K2, Blaze, RedX Dawn, Paradise, Demon, Black Magic, Spike, Mr. Nice Guy, Ninja, Dream, Genie, Sence, Smoke, Skunk, Serenity, Yucatan, Fire, Skooby Snax, and Crazy Clown	None					
'n							
	CCC, Dex, DXM, Poor Man's PCP, Robo, Rojo, Skittles, Triple C, and Velvet	Cough suppressant, cold medication		Oral	Confusion, agitation, paranoia, sensor changes, euphoria and hallucinations, excitability, sweating	Impairment of the senses	
	Thang, kakuam, thom, ketum, and biak	None		Oral, chewed	Nausea, itching, sweating, constipation, vomiting, drowsiness, loss of appetite, seizure, hallucination		
	Maria Pastora, Sally-D, and Salvia	None		Chewed, smoked	Distorted perception, fear and panic, paranoia, hallucination, impaired judgment, loss of coordination, slurred speech		
	Undistilled: Beer, wine hard cider, mead, sake Distilled: Gin, brandy, whiskey, rum, tequila, vodka, absinthe, everclear	None	Common	Oral	Short term risks: injuries, violence, alcohol poisoning, risky behaviors, miscarriage Long term risks. Long term risks: high blood pressure, heart disease, stroke, liver disease, cancer, weakened immune system, memory problems, mental health problems, social problems	Alcohol poisoning: confusion, difficulty remaining conscious, vomiting, seizures, slow breathing, clammy skin, low body temperature	Anxiety, shaking, insomnia, headache, nausea, hallucinations, seizures, delirium tremens
	Schedule	Bliss, Blue Silk, Cloud Nine, Drone, Energy-1, Ivory Wave, Lunar Wave, Meow Meow, Ocean Burst, Pure Ivory, Purple Wave, Red Dove, Snow Leopard, Stardust, Vanilla Sky, White Dove, White Knight, White Lightning Spice, K2, Blaze, RedX Dawn, Paradise, Demon, Black Magic, Spike, Mr. Nice Guy, Ninja, Dream, Genie, Sence, Smoke, Skunk, Serenity, Yucatan, Fire, Skooby Snax, and Crazy Clown CCC, Dex, DXM, Poor Man's PCP, Robo, Rojo, Skittles, Triple C, and Velvet Thang, kakuam, thom, ketum, and biak Maria Pastora, Sally-D, and Salvia Undistilled: Beer, wine hard cider, mead, sake Distilled: Gin, brandy, whiskey, rum,	Bliss, Blue Silk, Cloud Nine, Drone, Energy-1, Ivory Wave, Lunar Wave, Meow Meow, Ocean Burst, Pure Ivory, Purple Wave, Red Dove, Snow Leopard, Stardust, Vanilla Sky, White Dove, White Knight, White Lightning Spice, K2, Blaze, RedX Dawn, Paradise, Demon, Black Magic, Spike, Mr. Nice Guy, Ninja, Dream, Genie, Sence, Smoke, Skunk, Serenity, Yucatan, Fire, Skooby Snax, and Crazy Clown CCC, Dex, DXM, Poor Man's PCP, Robo, Rojo, Skittles, Triple C, and Velvet COugh suppressant, cold medication Thang, kakuam, thom, ketum, and biak Maria Pastora, Sally-D, and Salvia None Undistilled: Beer, wine hard cider, mead, sake Distilled: Gin, brandy, whiskey, rum,	Bliss, Blue Silk, Cloud Nine, Drone, Energy-1, Ivory Wave, Lunar Wave, Meow Meow, Ocean Burst, Pure Ivory, Purple Wave, Red Dove, Snow Leopard, Stardust, Vanilla Sky, White Dove, White Knight, White Lightning Spice, K2, Blaze, RedX Dawn, Paradise, Demon, Black Magic, Spike, Mr. Nice Guy, Ninja, Dream, Genie, Sence, Smoke, Skunk, Serenity, Yucatan, Fire, Skooby Snax, and Crazy Clown CCC, Dex, DXM, Poor Man's PCP, Robo, Rojo, Skittles, Triple C, and Velvet COUgh suppressant, cold medication Thang, kakuam, thom, ketum, and biak Maria Pastora, Sally-D, and Salvia Undistilled: Beer, wine hard cider, mead, sake Distilled: Gin, brandy, whiskey, rum,	Bliss, Blue Silk, Cloud Nine, Drone, Energy-1, Ivory Wave, Lunar Wave, Meow Meow, Ocean Burst, Pure Ivory, Purple Wave, Red Dove, Snow Leopard, Stardust, Vanilla Sky, White Dove, White Knight, White Lightning Spice, K2, Blaze, RedX Dawn, Paradise, Demon, Black Magic, Spike, Mr. Nice Guy, Ninja, Dream, Genie, Sence, Smoke, Skunk, Serenity, Yucatan, Fire, Skooby Snax, and Crazy Clown CCC, Dex, DXM, Poor Man's PCP, Robo, Rojo, Skittles, Triple C, and Velvet Cold medication Thang, kakuam, thom, ketum, and biak Maria Pastora, Sally-D, and Salvia Undistilled: Beer, wine hard cider, mead, sake Distilled: Gin, brandy, whiskey, rum,	Bliss, Blue Silk, Cloud Nine, Drone, Energy-1, Ivory Wave, Lunar Wave, Meow Meow, Ocean Burst, Pure Ivory, Purple Wave, Red Dove, Snow Leopard, Stardust, Vanilla Sky, White Dove, White Knight, White Lightning Spice, KZ, Blaze, RedX Dawn, Paradise, Demon, Black Magic, Spike, Mr. Nice Guy, Ninja, Dream, Genie, Sence, Smoke, Skunk, Serenity, Yucatan, Fire, Skooby Snax, and Crazy Clown CCC, Dex, DXM, Poor Man's PCP, Robo, Rojo, Skittles, Triple C, and Velvet Thang, kakuam, thom, ketum, and biak None Oral, chewed Maria Pastora, Sally-D, and Salvia None Undistilled: Beer, wine hard cider, mead, sake Distilled: Gin, brandy, whiskey, rum, tequila, vodka, absinthe, everclear None Oral Common Oral Short term risks: injuries, violence, alcohol poisoning, risky behaviors, miscarriage Long term risks. 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Long term risks. Long term risks: high blood pressure, heart disease, stroke, liver disease, cancer, weakened immune system, memory problems, mental health

Reference: U.S. Department of Justice Drug Enforcement Administration. Drugs of Abuse: A DEA Resource Guide.